

FABRIC8LABS

Electrochemical Additive Manufacturing

**ECAM Enabled Thermal Solutions
for the AI Data Center**

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HOT
C H I P S
2025

Overview

AI's Growing Thermal Challenge:

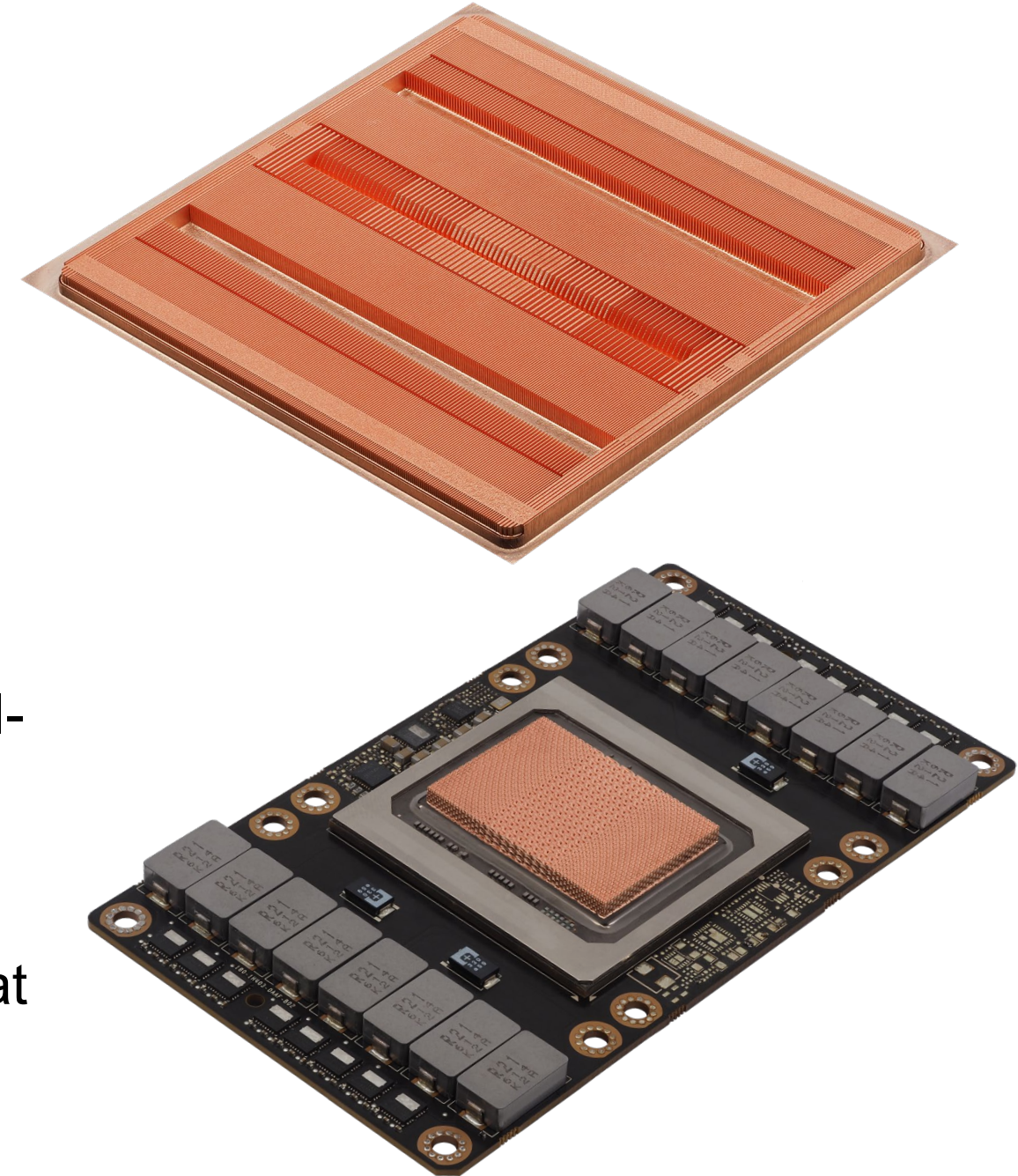
As AI chips become more powerful, they generate unprecedented heat flux, creating challenges for traditional liquid cooling solutions

Next-Generation Design & Cooling Performance

Topological and parametric design techniques, and ECAM manufacturing, can unlock a new level of performance for AI-chip cooling hardware

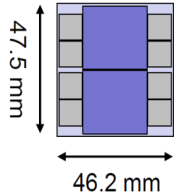
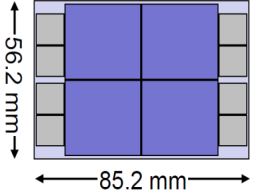
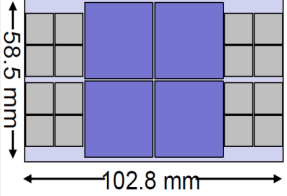
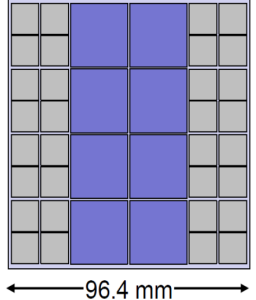
Future-Proofing AI-Thermal Management Hardware

ECAM is a versatile advanced manufacturing technology that is adaptable to evolving thermal roadmaps in the AI industry



Demand for Advanced Cooling Solutions

Impact of High Package Power Densities

GPU Architecture	Rubin (2026)	Feynman (2029)	Post Feynman (2032)	Next-Gen Architecture (2035)
GPU Die Size	728 mm ²	750 mm ²	700 mm ²	600 mm ²
GPU Power	800 W	900 W	1,000 W	1,200 W
GPU-HBM Module	R200	F400	Post Feynman GPU-HBM Module	Next-Gen GPU-HBM Module
Interposer Size				
# of GPU Dies	×2	×4	×4	×8
# of HBM Stack	HBM4 × 8	HBM5 × 8	HBM6 × 16	HBM7 × 32
Interposer Die Size	2,194 mm ² (46.2 mm x 48.5 mm)	4,788 mm ² (85.2 mm x 56.2 mm)	6,014 mm ² (102.8 mm x 58.5 mm)	9,245 mm ² (96.4 mm x 95.9 mm)
Total Power	2,200 W	4,400 W	5,920 W	15,360 W

Cooling Challenge Driver:
 GPU Logic Die Heat Flux is Projected to Grow from 1-2 W/mm² to 4+ W/mm²



TeraByte Interconnection and Package Laboratory

Reference: [KAIST \(Korea Advanced Institute of Science & Technology \(KAIST\)\)](#), and [Tera \(Terabyte Interconnection and Package Laboratory\)](#),

Increase in Thermal Design Power and Heat Flux Results in Challenges for Standard Liquid Cooling Hardware

Limitations of Liquid Cold Plate Performance

Challenges with Straight Channels in Cold Plates

Cold Plate Performance and Optimization

$$\text{Performance} \propto \frac{1}{R_{th} * P_{pump}}$$

- ↓ Thermal Resistance (R_{th})
- ↓ Pump Power (P_{pump}) \propto Pressure Drop (Δp)
- ↑ Temperature Uniformity, to manage non-uniform heat inputs

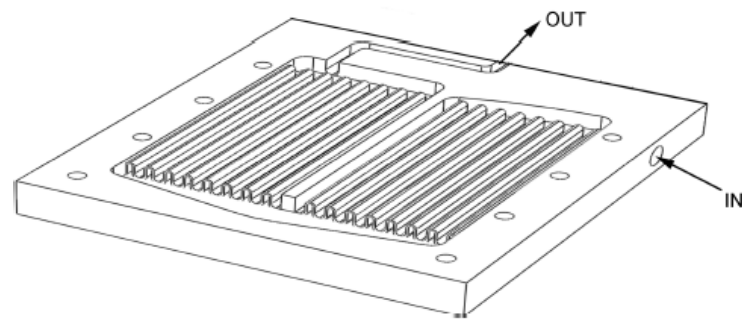


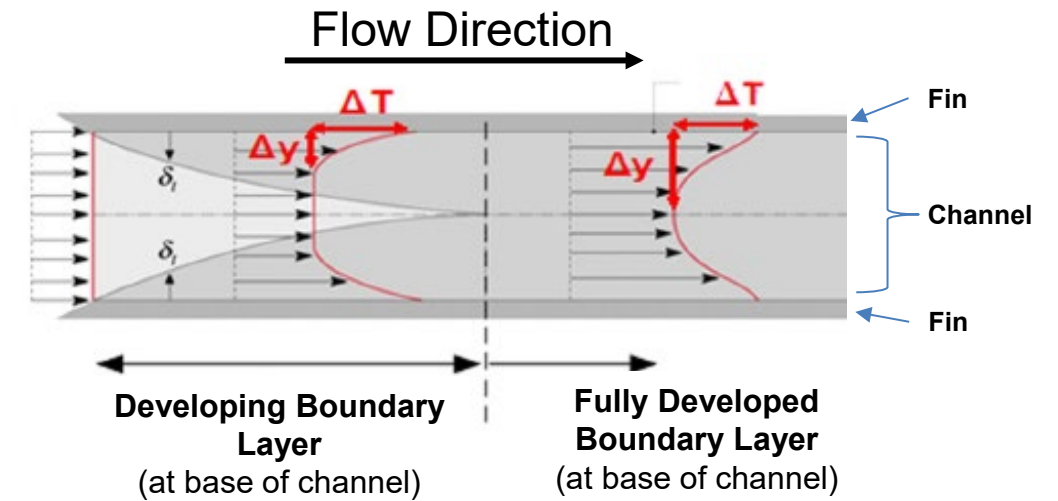
Image Reference:
Kandlikar, S. and Hayner, C., 2011

State of the Art: Microchannel Cold Plate



Image Reference:
Wieland Microcool

Straight Channels Have Limited Performance



Convective heat transfer deteriorates along the axial direction with the development of the boundary layer

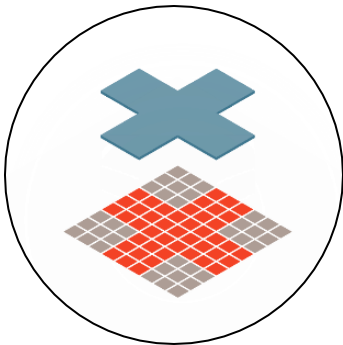
Reference:
Jin, L.W., et al, 2014

Cannot simply increase flowrate due to erosion limits of copper and tubing (~ 1.5 – 2 m/s)

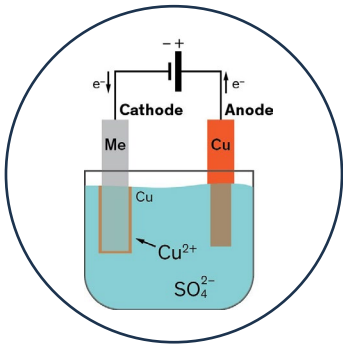
Reference:
Ortega, A., et al., 2022

Electrochemical Additive Manufacturing (ECAM)

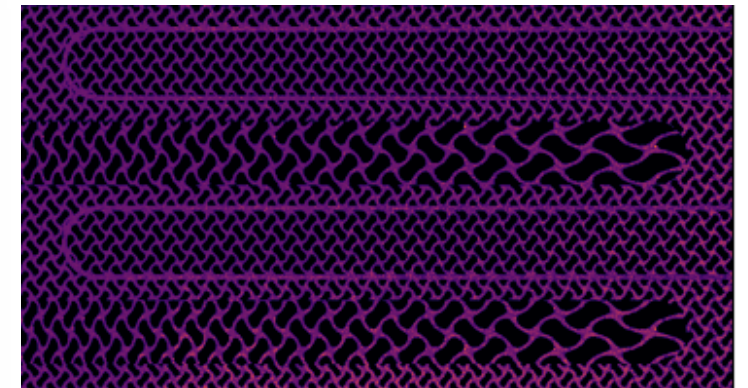
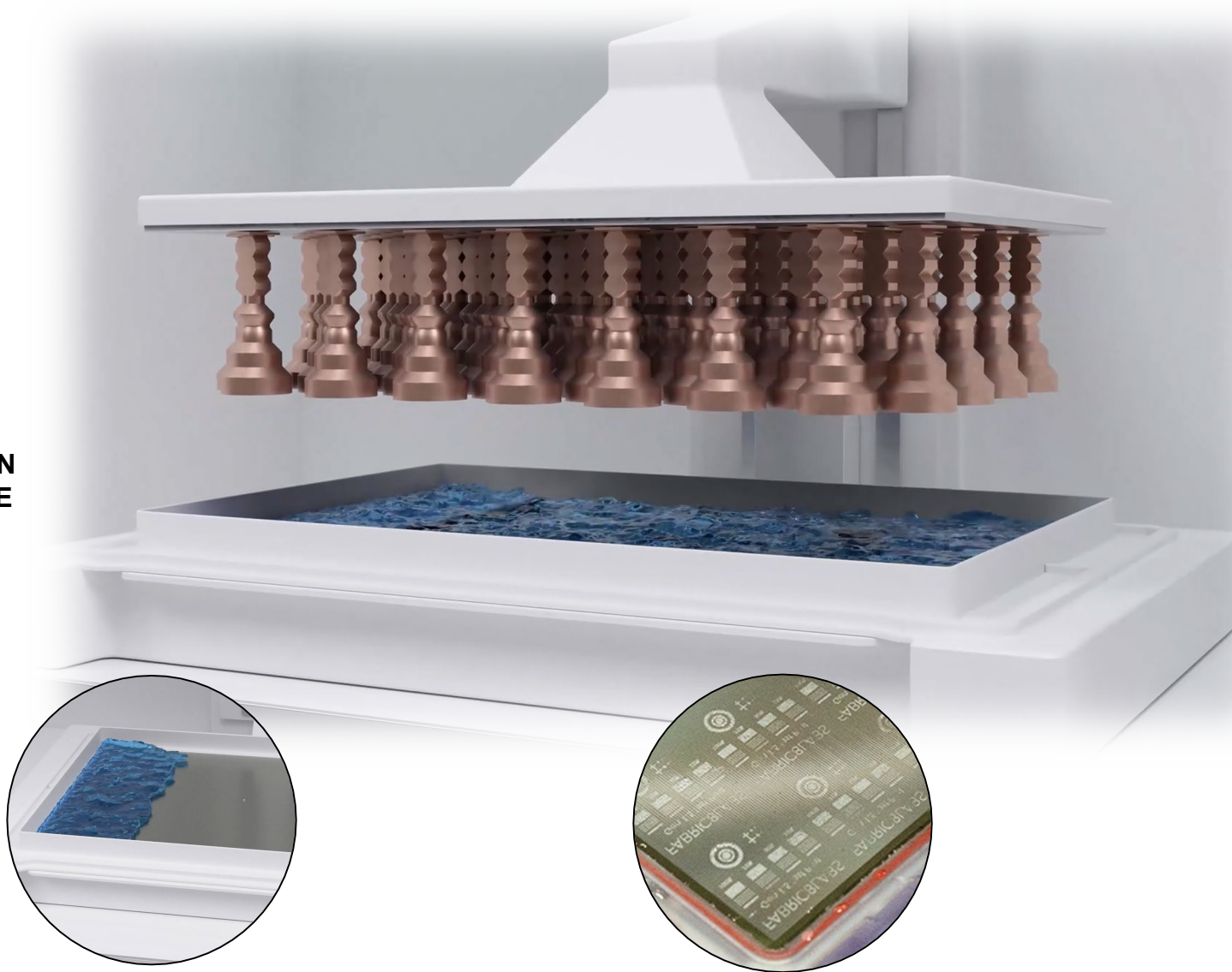
ECAM Converges High-resolution Display Technology With The Scalability Of Electroplating



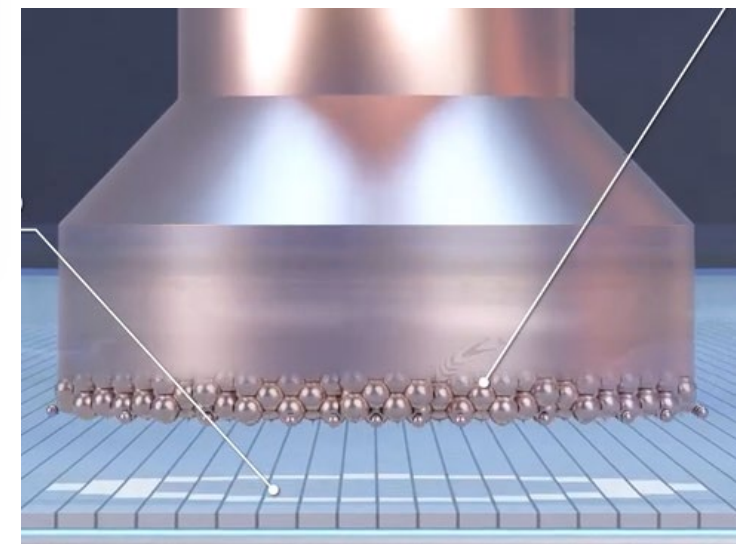
PROVEN
DISPLAY BASED
PRINTHEAD
TECHNOLOGY



METAL DEPOSITION
BASED ON MATURE
ELECTROPLATING
PROCESS



DEPOSITION ALGORITHM ANALYZES
REAL TIME PRINT DATA TO DRIVE QUALITY



1

ELECTROPLATING
SOLUTION FLOWS
ACROSS PRINTHEAD

2

MICRO-ELECTRODE PRINTHEAD
PIXELS ACTIVATE FORMING
PRECISE ELECTRIC FIELDS

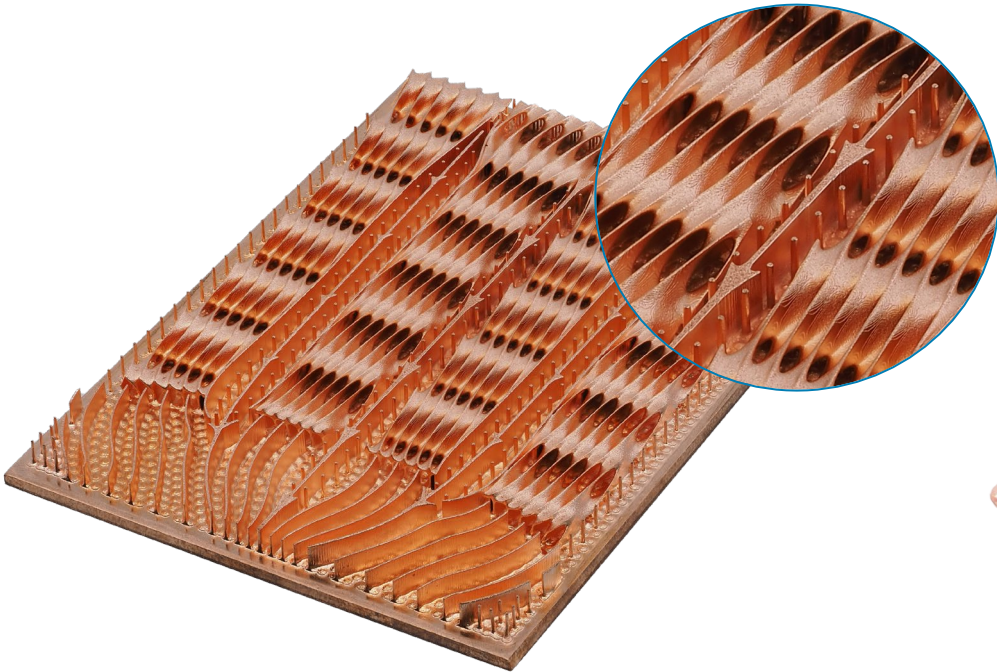
3

PIXEL ACTIVATION DRIVES FOCUSED
ELECTRIC FIELD TO PRECISELY DEPOSIT
METAL: $\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}$

Enhanced Thermal Performance with ECAM

Capabilities of ECAM Technology for Thermal Management Hardware

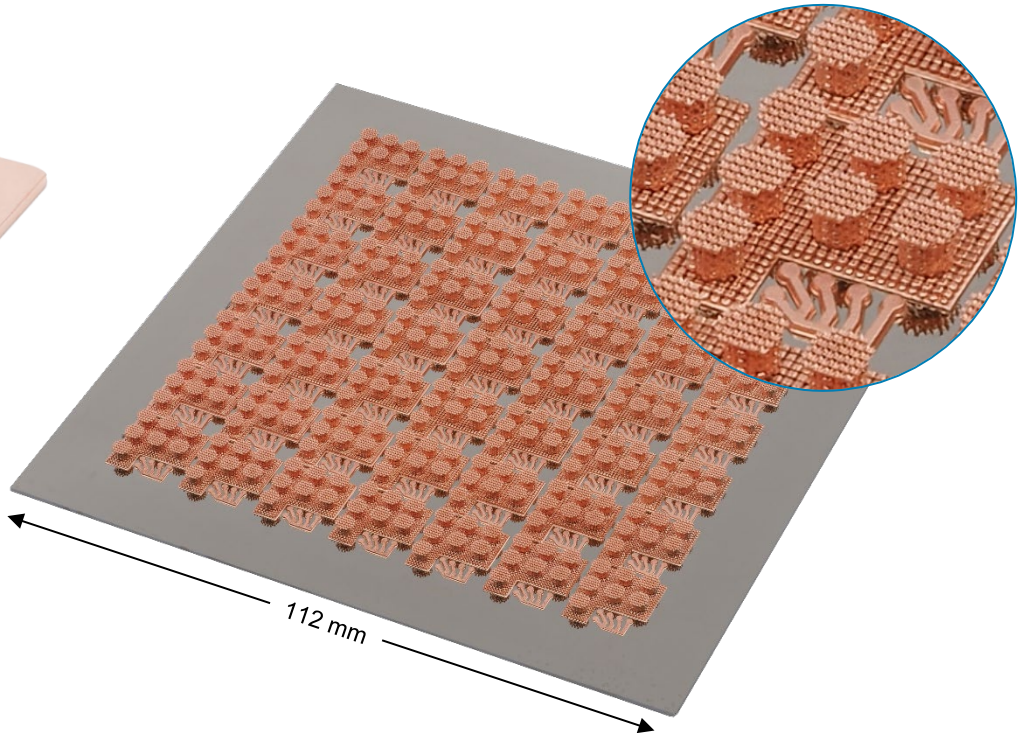
High-resolution, Pure Copper Features Unique to ECAM



Application Optimized through Generative AI Driven Design



Direct-print to Si, Ceramic, and Foil to Remove Thermal Interface Material



Thermal Performance Gain

+20-30%

+20-40%

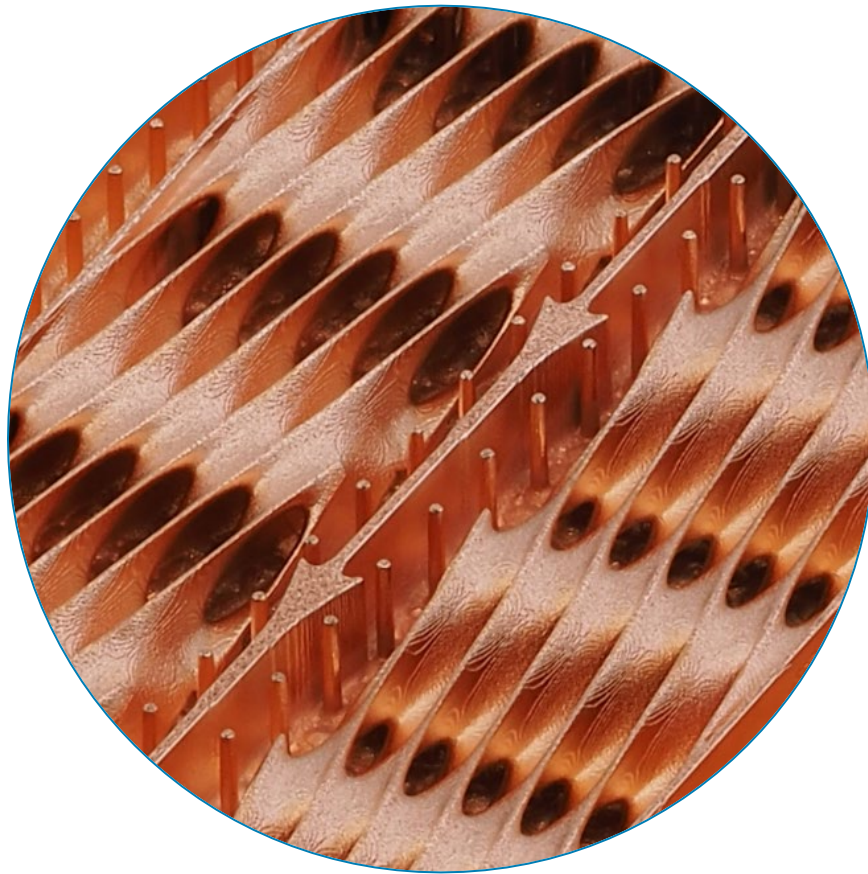
+60-85%

Enables Thermal Management Hardware Innovation To Meet Industry Roadmap Requirements

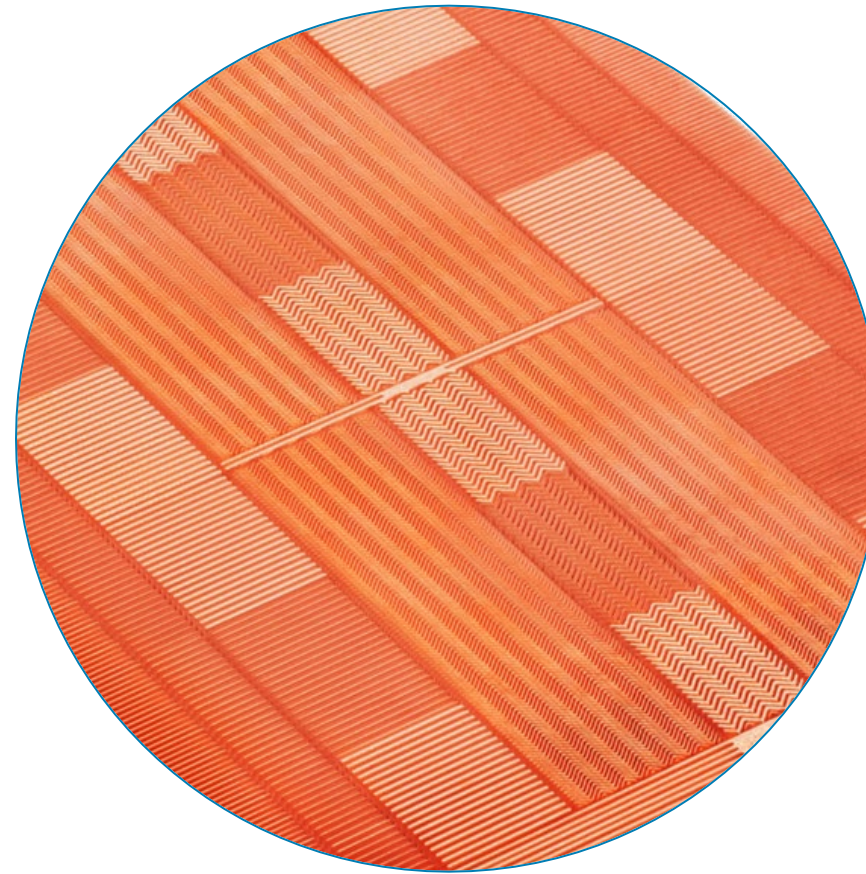
Advanced Cooling Channel Designs

Innovative Solutions for Peak Performance

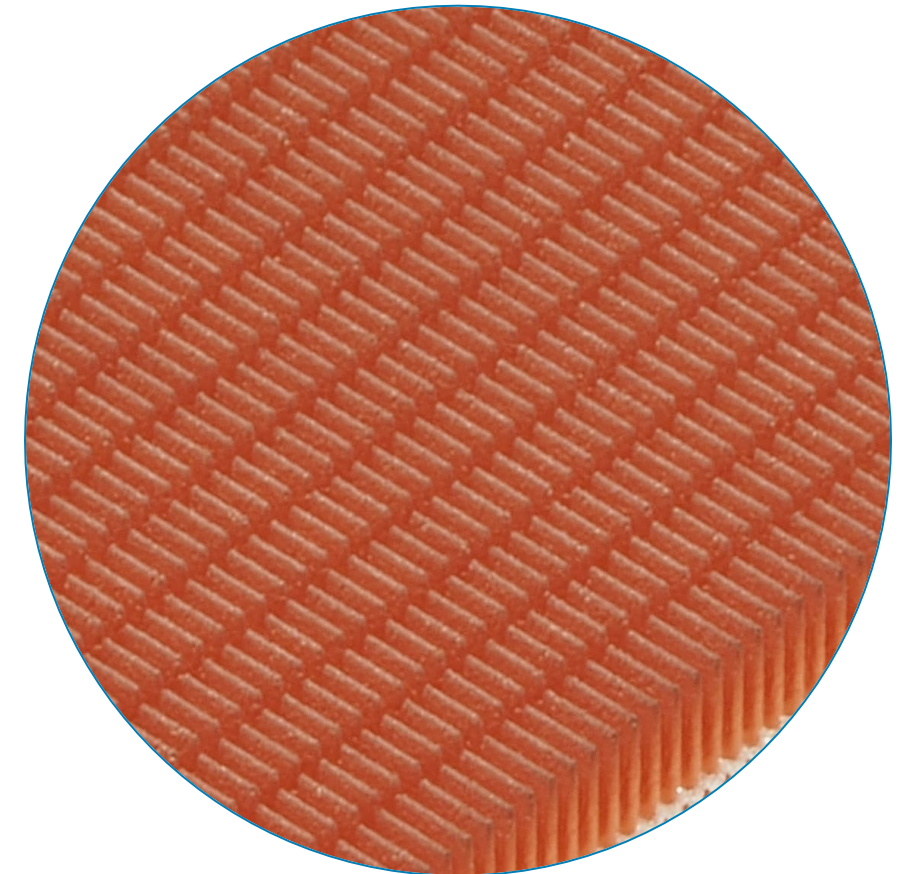
Triply Periodic Minimal Surface Structures, e.g. Gyroids



Parametrically Optimized 3D Cooling Structures



Offset Finlet Structures (Slotted, Offset Microchannel)

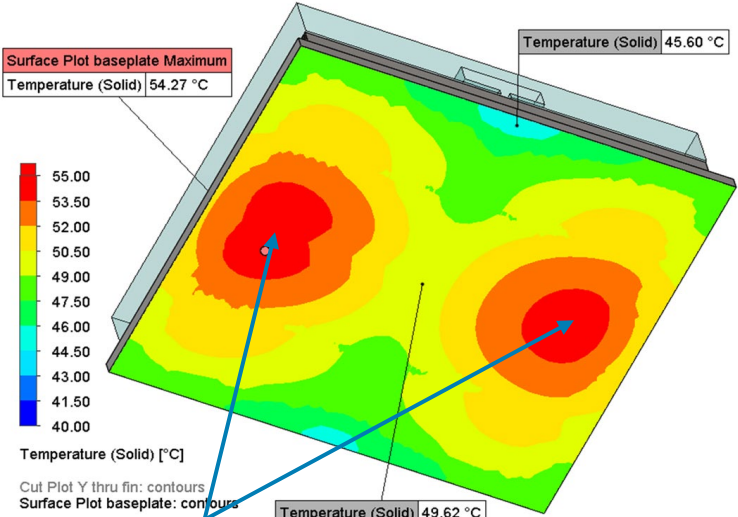


Application Specific Cooling Solutions At Comparable Costs To Traditional Manufacturing

Single Phase Liquid Cooling for AI Chips

Customized Designs for Optimum Performance

Current Products are Limited by Skived Microchannels

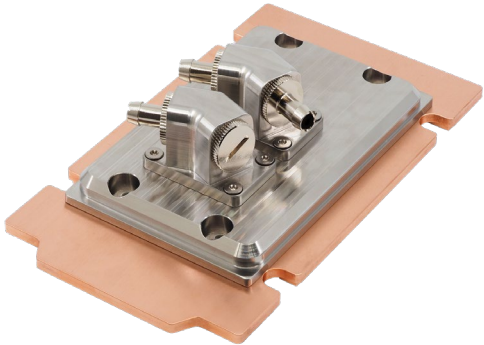
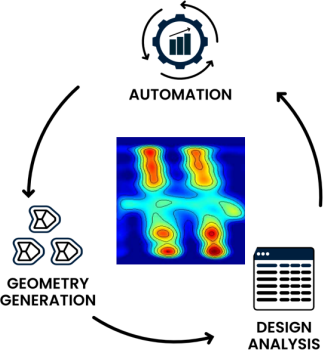


Hot Spots

Max Baseplate Temp (°C)	Thermal Resistance, Rth (°C/W)	Temperature Variance, (°C ²)	Pressure Drop (psi)
54.3	0.0191	3.99	0.21

Power: 800W
Coolant PG25, 1.5 L/min, 40°C

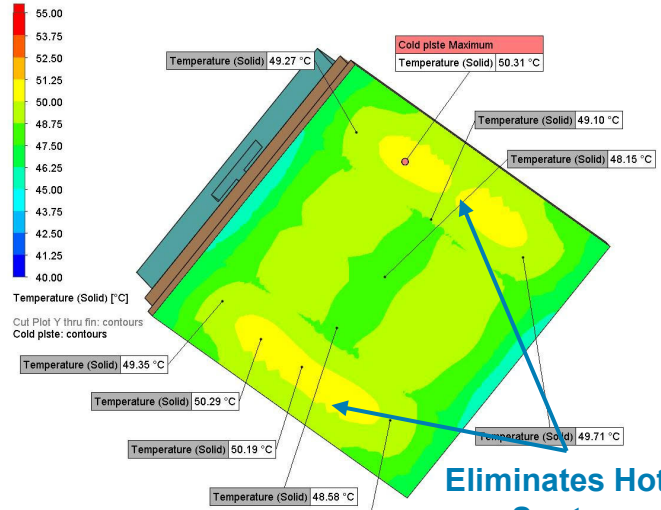
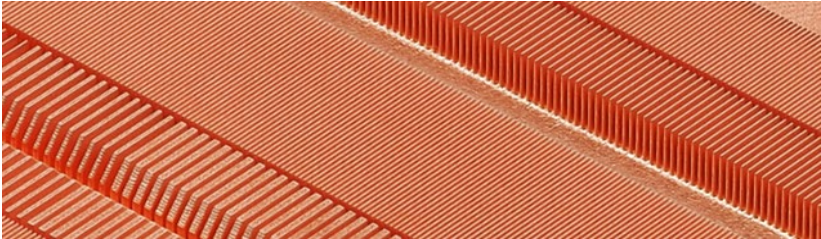
Design Optimization for Chipset Power Map



38.6% Improvement In Thermal Performance

254% Improvement In Cold Plate Temperature Variance

Customized ECAM Solution, Optimized Thermal-Hydraulic Performance



Eliminates Hot Spots

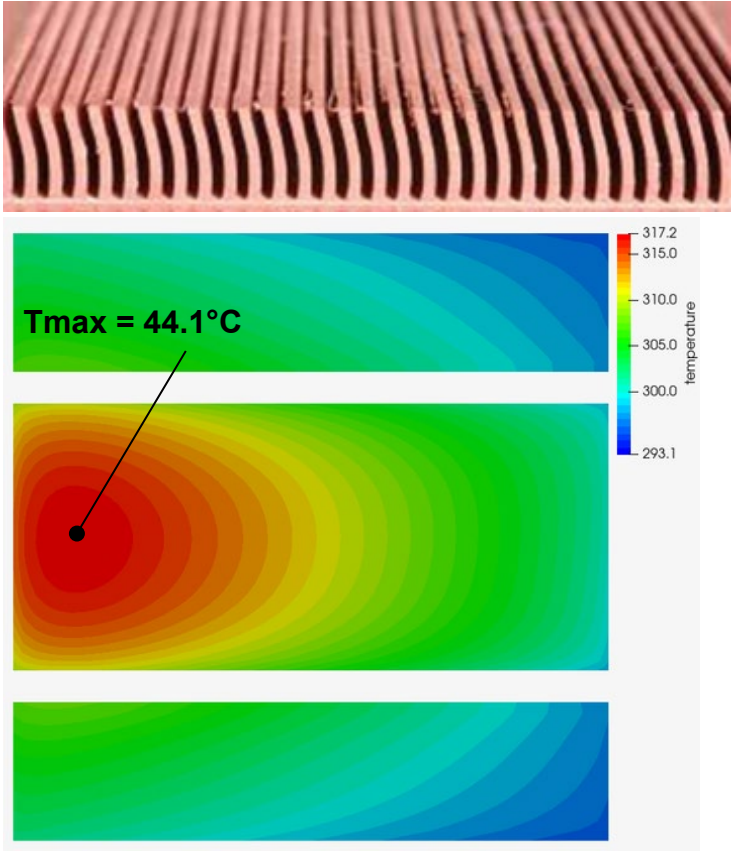
Max Baseplate Temp (°C)	Thermal Resistance, Rth (°C/W)	Temperature Variance, (°C ²)	Pressure Drop (psi)
50.4	0.0138	1.13	1.16

Power: 800W
Coolant PG25, 1.5 L/min, 40°C

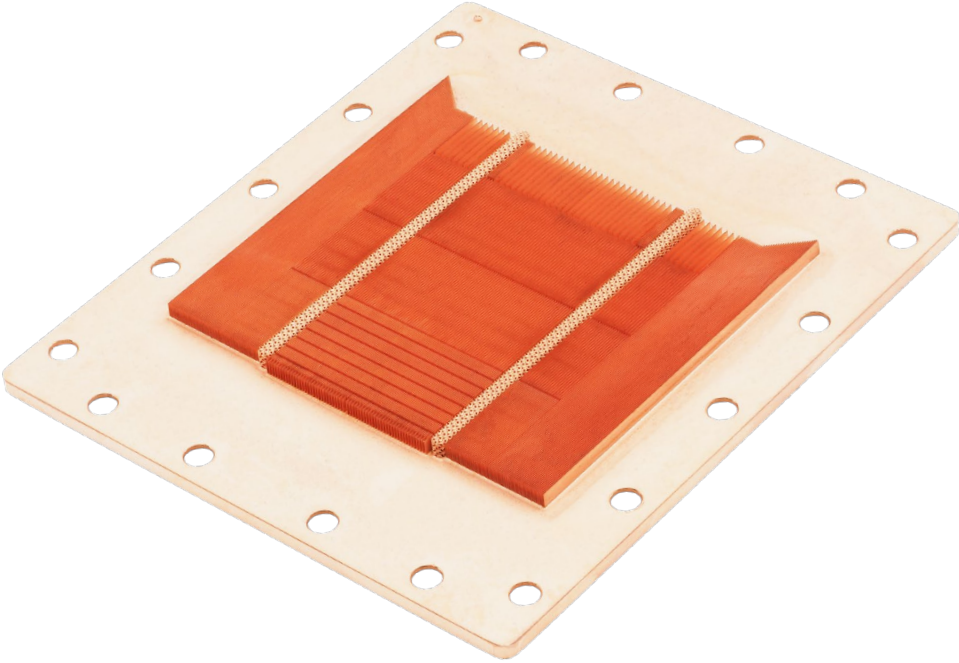
Performance Comparison vs. Straight Microchannels

Low Thermal Resistance Creates Options for Higher TDP vs. Reduced Operating Costs

**Baseline
Microchannel (150/150 μm)**

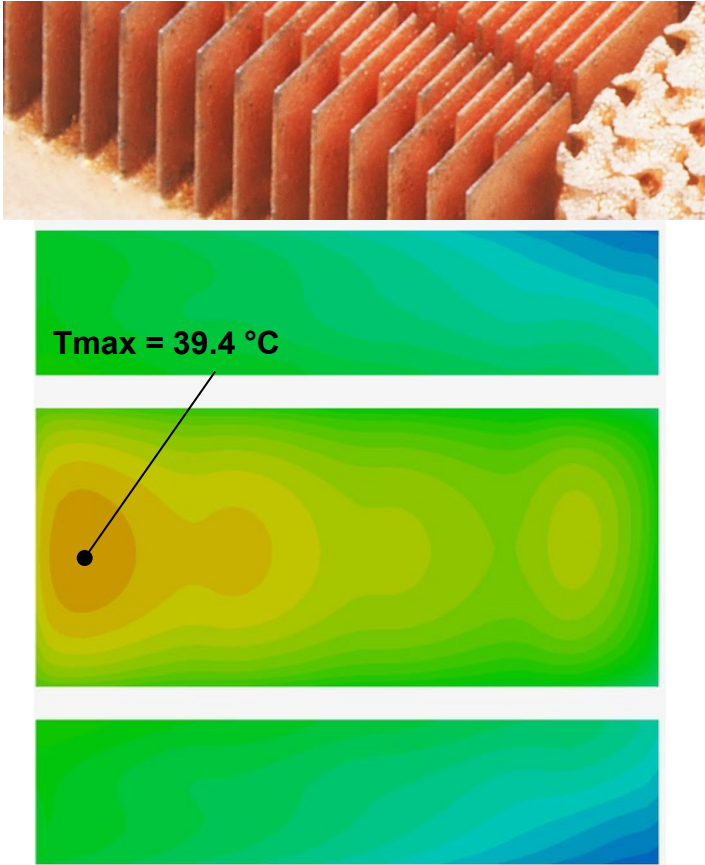


**Power Map Optimized Design with
Enhanced Heat Transfer Structures**



**4.7 °C Tmax
Reduction**

**Custom
ECAM Design**



500 MW Data Center Example

**Facility Water Temp: 25 °C
Annual energy costs
\$370,353,000**

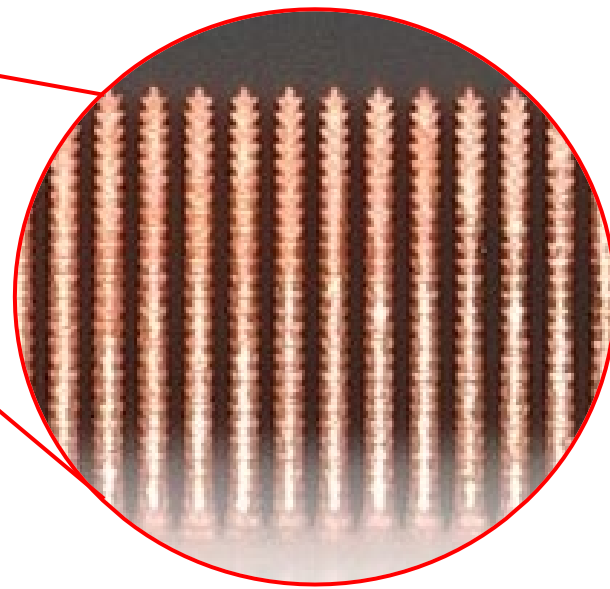
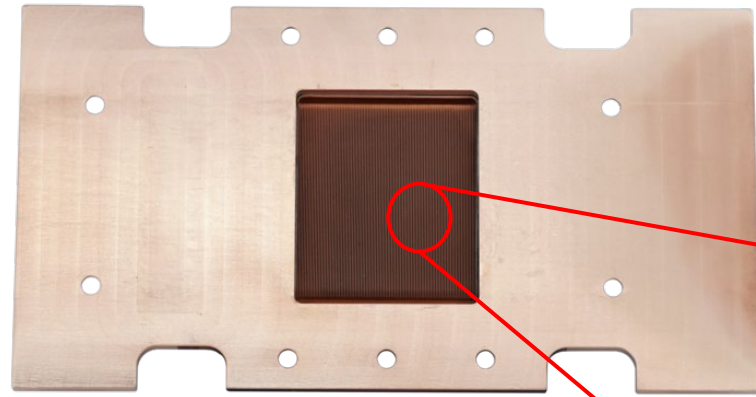
**~\$70M
Annual Energy Savings**

tggTCO
Liquid Cooling Total Cost of Ownership Calculation Tool

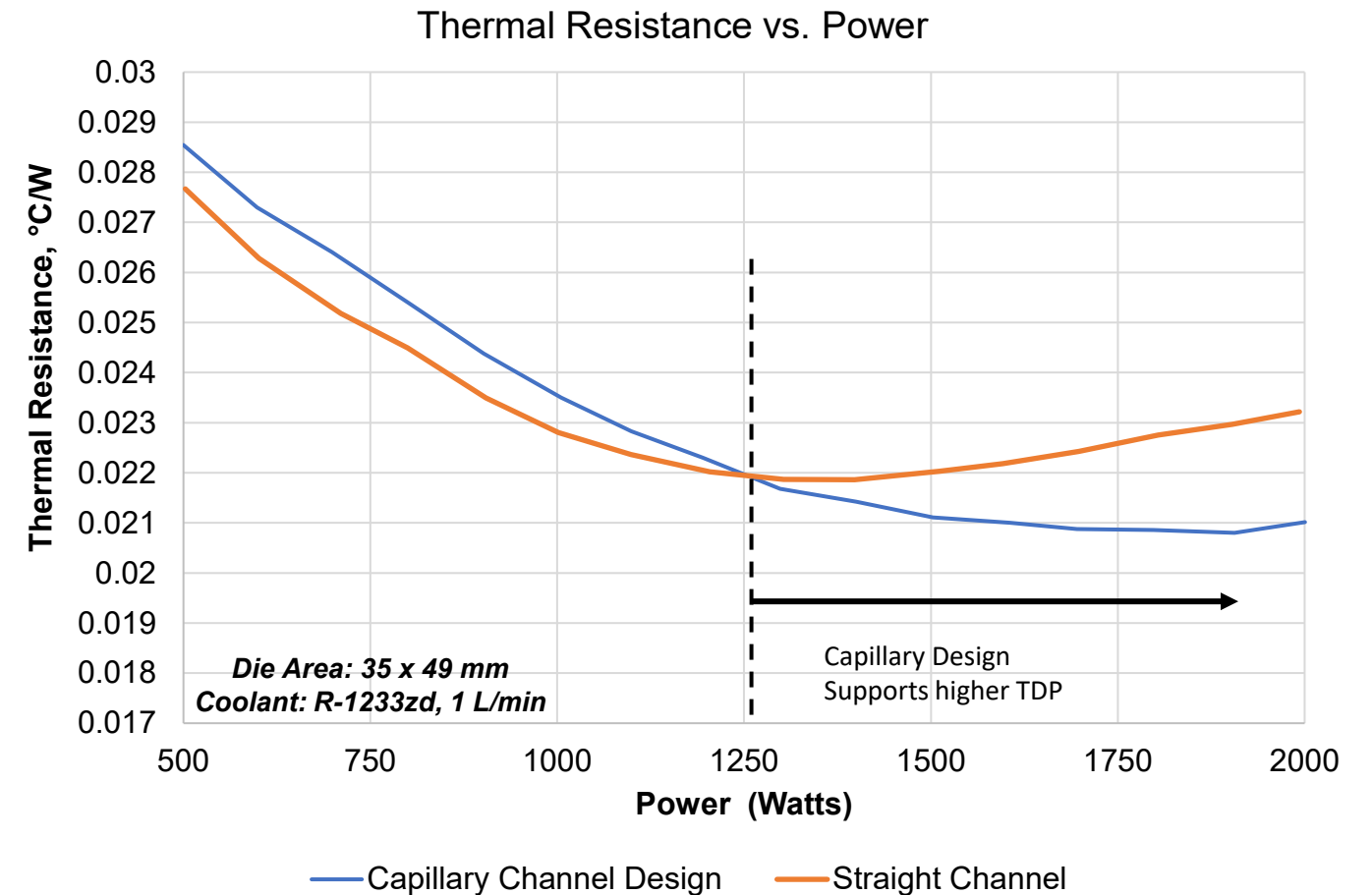
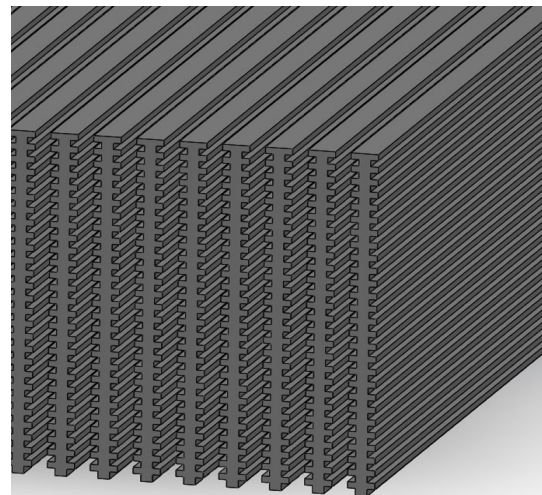
**Facility Water Temp: 29.7 °C
Annual energy costs
\$300,298,000**

Two Phase Liquid Cooling: Capillary Feature Enhancements

ECAM Enables the Thermal Roadmap Beyond Single Phase Cooling



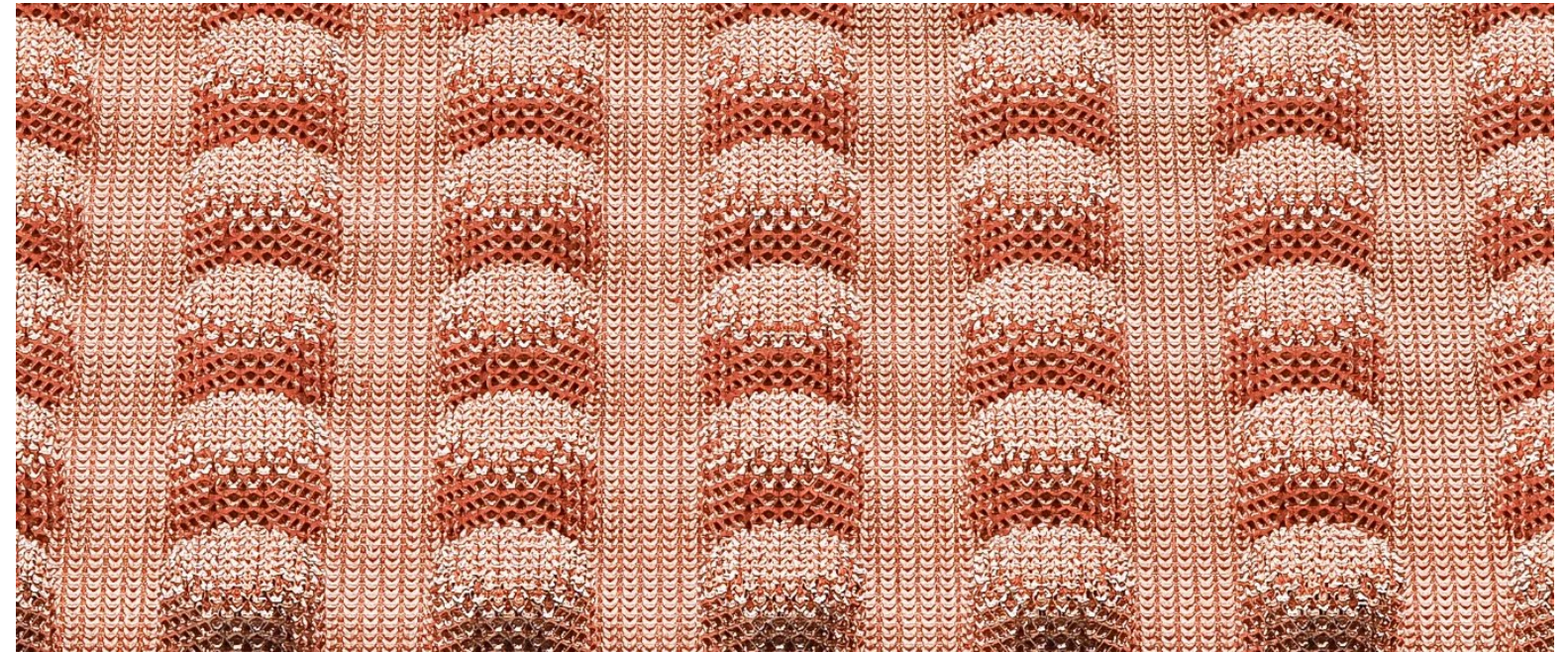
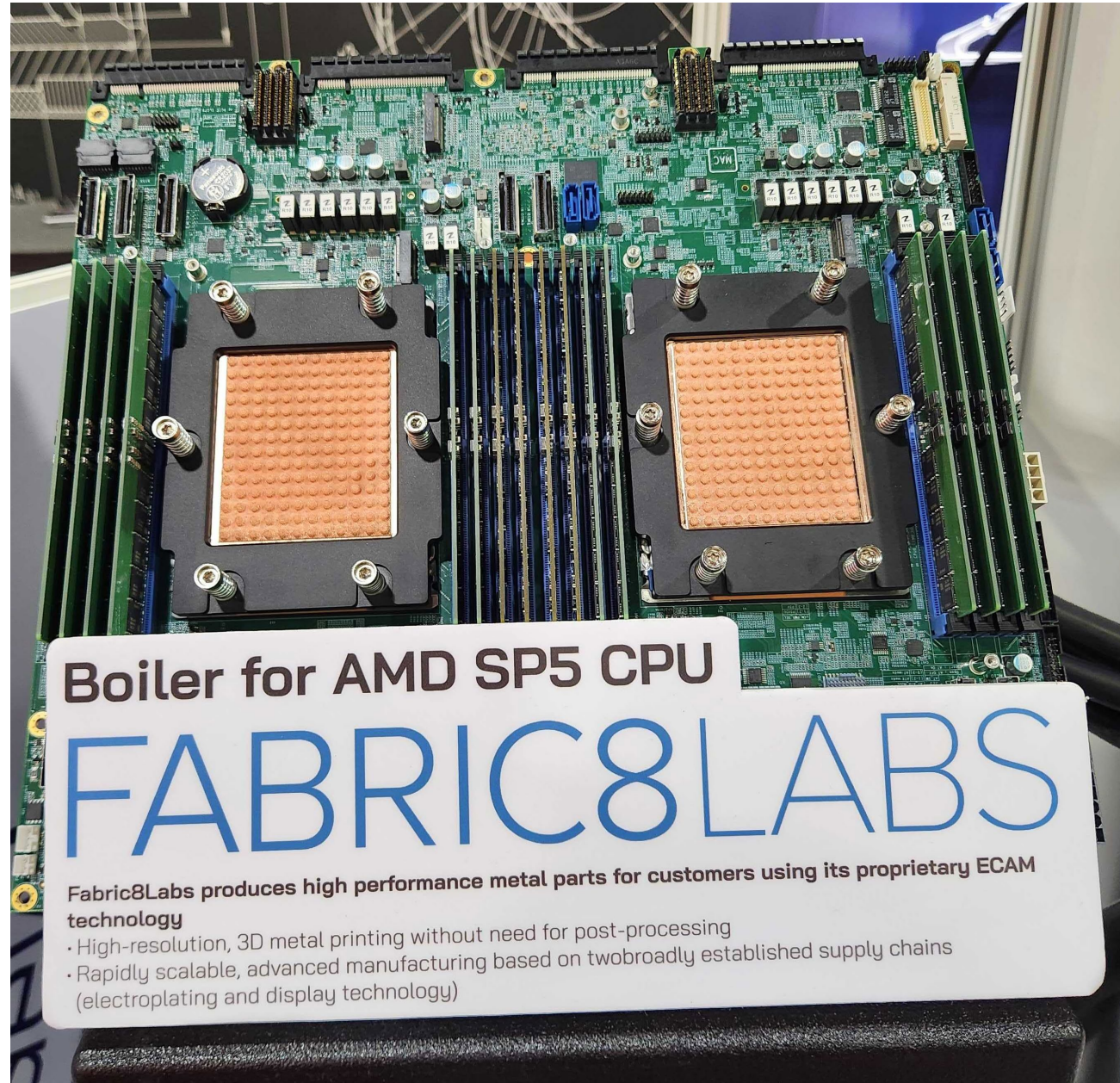
Capillary channel design



Integration Of Capillary/Wicking Structures To Enhance Performance
Extends Serviceable TDP Beyond Straight Channels

Two Phase Immersion Cooling

High Surface Area Designs Enhance Cooling Performance



2 mm diameter x 2 mm tall bumps with 0.6 mm tall 3D mesh

Performance Test Results, Tj Max

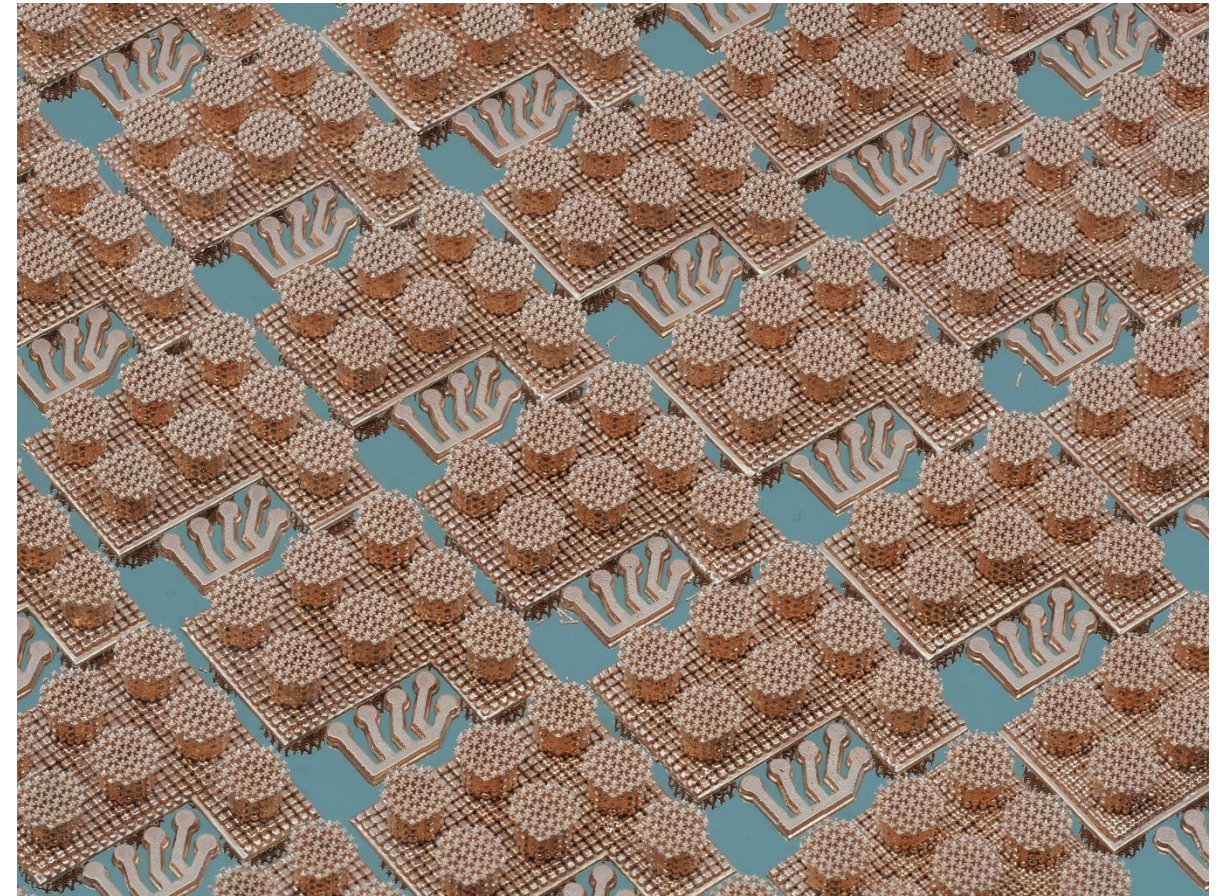
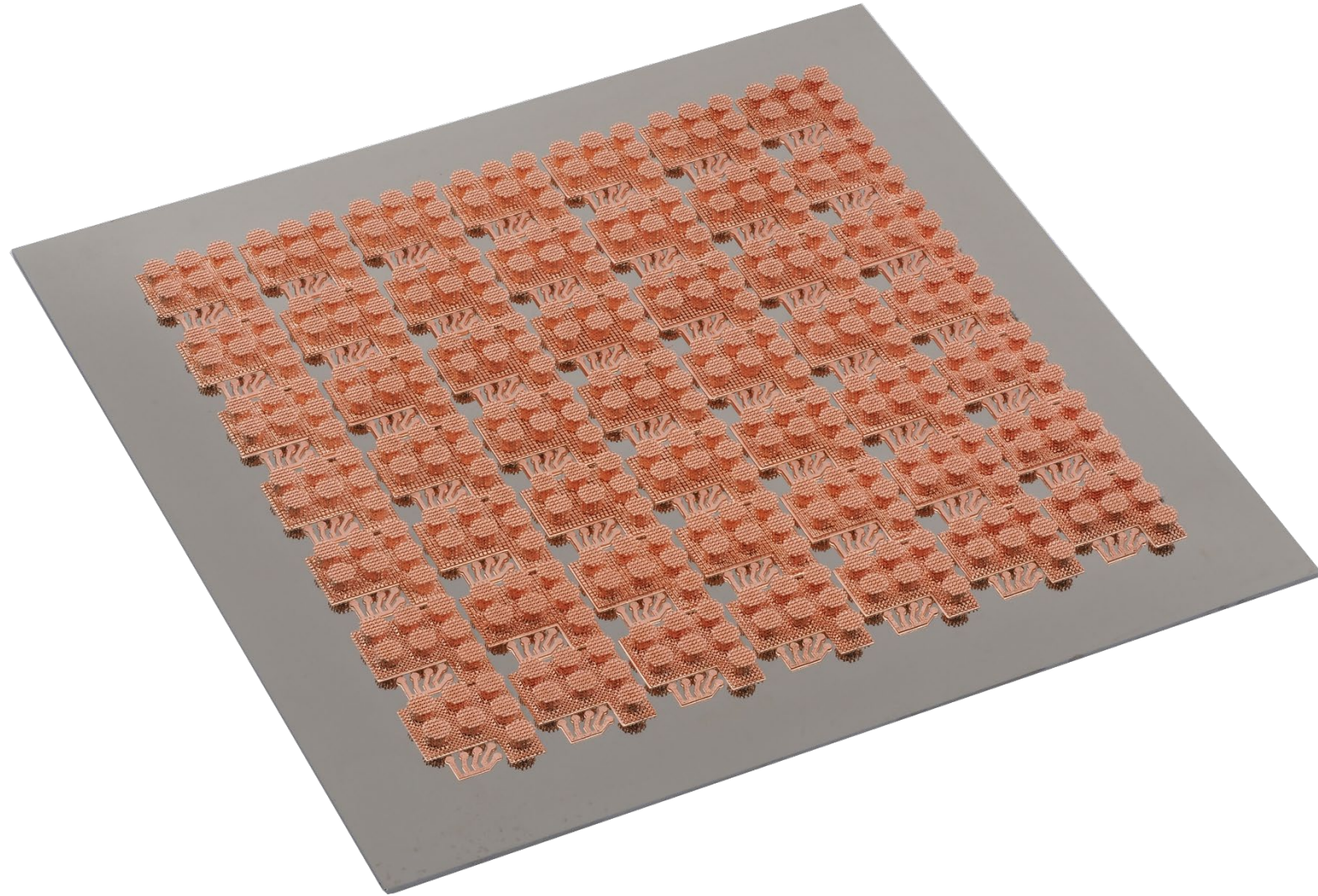


	Incumbent (Punch Hole)	Fabric8Labs (ECAM)	Improvement
400W TDP	81.6 °C	76.3 °C	5.3 °C

CPU: **AMD EPYC Genoa 3.7GHz/(96cores)** (TDP=400W); 2 Phase Coolant : LC50

Potential for Wafer Scale Processing

Leverage EDA Software Tools to Produce Chiplet Optimized Cooling Structures on Wafer

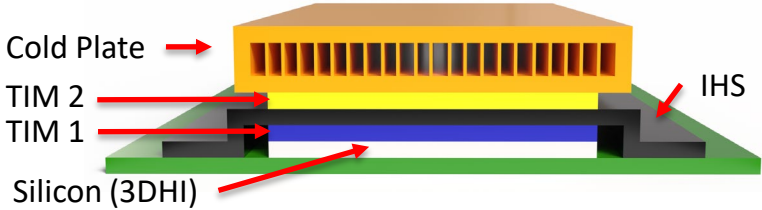
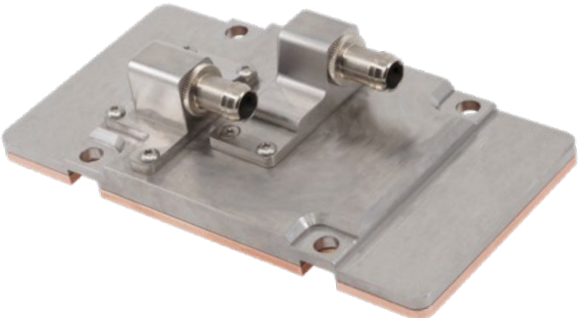


Silicon Wafer Coupon with ECAM Printed Copper Structures

ECAM Thermal Solution Roadmap

Board-Level Cold Plates to Direct-to-Silicon Integration

**Today
Board-level Cold Plate**

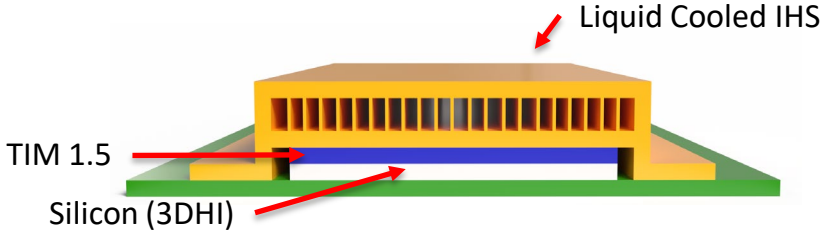
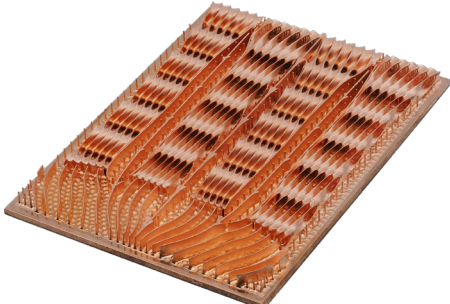


Thermal interface materials (TIM 1&2) drive thermal resistance; Performance of ECAM delivers significant Rth improvement and temp uniformity

+20-50%

Via structure, hotspot optimization, and substrate performance

**2026-2027
Liquid Cooled,
Package-Level**

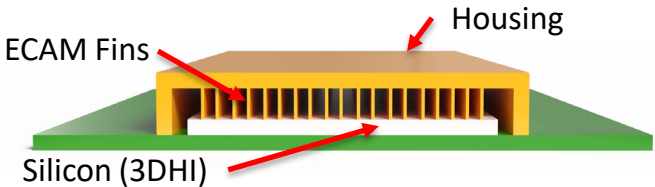
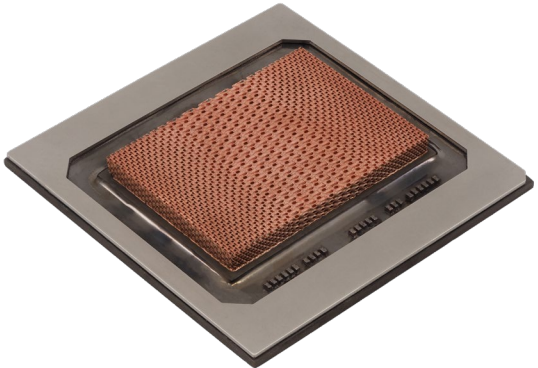


ECAM integrated heat spreader (IHS) brings liquid cooling into the package and removes TIM2

+30-40%

Via removal of TIM2

**2028+
Direct-to-Silicon**



ECAM room-temperature process enables direct-printing to Si, removing TIM1

+30-40%

Via removal of TIM1

Thermal Resistance Improvement

Overview

AI's Growing Thermal Challenge:

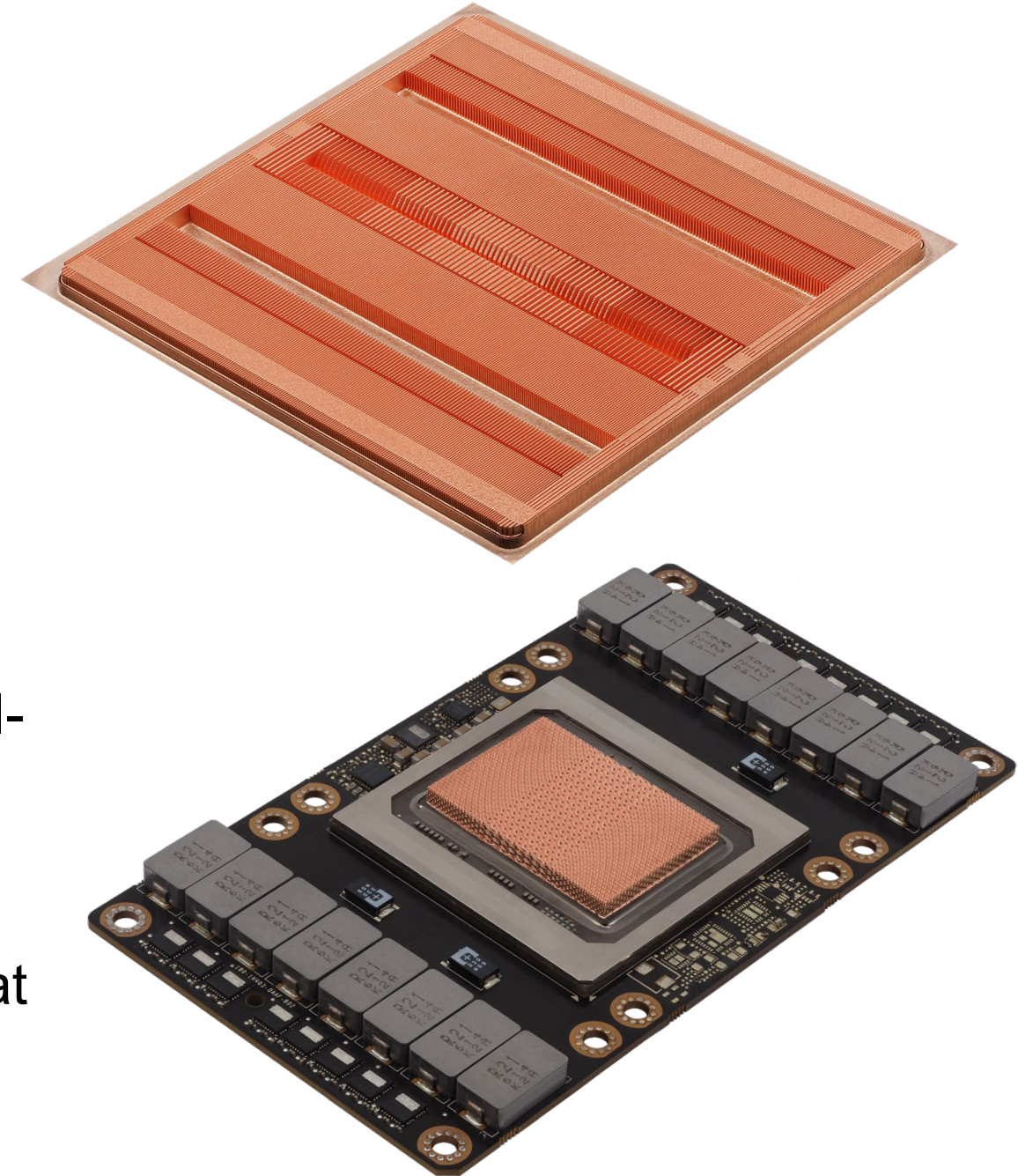
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